OBITUARY.

WILLIAM PITT FESSENDEN.

William Pitt Fessenden, Member of the Maine Legislature, Representative in Congress, and United States Senator :- a man who brought into the political arena the dignity of Cato and the bitterness of Junius;-who through a long career in stormy times often evoked envenomed hostility from his opponents, and sometimes harsh censure even from his political friends, but never forfeited the respect of either;-who never rose to the full hight of great statesmanship, yet never sank to the level of the mere politician, and was on the whole adjudged by the safe test of a deliberate popular estimate, a shrewd, practical, far-seeing, upright, and generally safe public servant-died yesterday morning after protracted and painful illness, at his residence in Portland, Maine.

Mr. Fessenden was born in Boscawen, Merri mack County, New-Hampshire, Oct. 16, 1806. His father was the Hon. Samuel Fessenden, who, with many of his other relatives, did the State good service in its earlier history. Always fond of study, he entered Bowdoin College at the age of 13, graduating with high bonors in 1823. Choosing law as his profession, he began his studies at once and was admitted to the bar in 1827. He opened an office at Bridgeton, Me., but, two years after, moved to Portland, where he afterward resided until his death. Chosen a member of the State Legislature in 1831, he at once distinguished himself, both as a legislator and an orator, and one of his speeches on the Bank question was long remembered as la most success-

Returning to his profession in 1802, he devoted himself to it for seven years, rising to the highest rank both as a counsellor and advocate. He was offered a nomination to Congress in 1831 but did not accept it. In 1839 he was sent to the Legislature from Portland. The House was Domocratic, but Mr. [Fessenden, a thorough Whig, was made Chairman of the House Committee to revise the statute, of the State. Ini1840 he received the Whig nom-Ination for Congress, by acclamation, and was elected by a large majority in a district hitherto Democratic. His record in Congress was a brilliant one, and his eloquence, logic and clearsightedness attracted much attention. He spoke on the loan bill, the army appropriation bill, against the repeal of the bankrupt act, and in reply to Caleb Coshing, on his '(Cushing's) personal position. He was nominated for reflection in 1843, but preferred to return to his profession. In 1845 the Whigs in the Legislature gave him their vote for the vacant seat in the U. S. Senste, but they were in the minority. Considerations growing out of the position of parties on the temperance mestion induced him to become a candidate for the State Legislature in 1845, and he was elected, but declined to serve a second year. While there he again received the Whig vote for U. S. Senator. The next seven years he devoted to his constantly increasing practice, in which he built up a national reputation. During this time he was associated with Daniel Webster in a very important case before the Supreme Court at Washington, involving a legal question never before discussed in that Court, viz: How far the fraudulent acts of an auctioneer, in selling property, should affect the owner of the property sold, he being no party to the fraud. Although he had to contend against the weight and influence of Judge Story's decision in the Court below, he was successful and the former decision was reversed. Mr. Fessenden's argument on this occasion won the highest praises from the most able judges for its logical force and legal con-

error in the returns his seat was given to his competitor. He had in advance expressed to the nominating conventions of the Whig and Free Soll parties his unwillingness to serve in the Congress, and accordingly he refused to contest the seat. In 1840 he was a member of the convention which nominated Gen. Harrison for the Presi dency, and in 1848 of the one by which Gen. Taylor was ominated, he advocating the claims of Mr. Webster. Again, in 1852, he was a member of the nominating convention, this time supporting Gen. Scott in opposition to Mr. Webster. He, however, was one of the 67 who opposed and voted against the platform then adopted by the Whigs. Portland returned him to the State Legislature in 1853, and the Senate gave him its vote for United States Senator, but as the Democrats had a majority of four in the House he was not elected. So high did he stand, however, as a lawyer, that the same house associated him with the Hen. Reuel Williams in purchasing the wild lands of Massachusetts lying in his own State; and this was successfully accomplished. The Kansas-Nebraska question now began to assume its greatest importance. Old party lines were lost sight of, and new ones formed, the better to ward off that more serious issue which was only realized when civil war was upon us. Returned again to the Legislature in 1854, Mr. Fessenden was chosen U. S. Senator by both branches, on the first ballot, the Whigs and Free Soil Democrats uniting to effect this result. Here, in reality, dates the birth of the Republican party in Maine, for, although Mr. Possenden refused to be elected except as a Whig, he was one of the first to realize and advocate the necessity for the new organization.

He took his seat in the Senate on the 23d of February, 1854, and on the night of March 3 made one of the most eloquent and effective speeches delivered against the Nebraska bill. He reviewed the whole history of the bill, showed its bearings and necessary results, claiming that the South already received her full dues, and the whole cause of dissension was a dealre on the part of the South to rob the North of the little left her. This effort made him at once a leading member of the Senate, and his voice was heard whenever any important question was in order. Thus we find him introducing the French Spoliation bill; opposing a bill to increase the army; discussing a bill to protect United States officers; speaking on the relations with England, on Kansas affairs, on the Iowa Senatorial election, etc., etc. He reviewed Pres Ident Buchanan's message on the Kansas question in the most scathing manner, charging not only that its tone was partisan and partial, but that it ignored well known facts, and stated things that could not be true. During all this time he was doing his share of the business of the Senate, and was a leading member of the Finance Com-

Returned to the Senate for six years in 1859, and that without the formality of a previous nomination, he was at once made Chairman of the Finance and Library Committees, and appointed a Regent of the Smithsonian Institution. Bowdoin College had conferred on him the degree of LL.D., in 1858, and Harvard paid him the same sempliment in 1864. He was one of the members of the Peace Conference which met in February, 1861. Throughout the war, Mr. Fessenden, in his character of Senator, was a firm friend and ally of the Union cause, giving it the assistance of his logic, eloquence, and counsel, and, as Chairman of the Finance Committee, aiding the Secretary of the Treasury in maintaining the national credit.

Mr. Chase resigned his Secretaryahip on the 30th of June, 1864. An instant panic ensued, and gold, that subtle index of public feeling, rose from 90 premium on June 80 to 185 premium on July 11. The new Secretary would be expected to quiet this storm, and Mr. Fessenden was shosen by President Lincoln as the new Secretary. He hesitated to accept. His health was delicate and the responsibility difficult and overwhelming. Senators and abinet officers urged, however, and the entered on his duties on the 5th of July. The whole country looked to him for aid. The paper dollar was worth only thirty-four sents. The sale of newfloans had been provided for, but they found comparatively few purchasers. Germany, Holland, and Switzerland were our only foreign markets, and National bankruptcy seemed at least possible. Mr. Fessenden then found it his duty, and a duty as imperaave as it was arduous, to raise at once the large sums Decessary for carrying on the war, and at the same time to enhance the value of the securities already affoat. What was needed to effect this was victories. Who had faith in victories to come ! The people. To them, then, would the Secretary appeal, and to them were offered the renowned seven-thirties. The people only needed an opportunity to attest their faith in the future, and the subscriptions poured in by millions every day. By withholding any further immediate issue of greenbacks the State banks were induced to adopt the National system. So successful had been Mr. Fessenden's policy that on resigning his chair to return to the Senate on the 4th of March, 1865, gold had fallen to 99 premium, and on the 11th of May following it stood at 30. Another part of the Secretary's policy was urging on Congress the

been reflected to the Senate for six years. In the Spring of 1868 the trial of Andrew Johnson occupied the attention of Congress, of the country, of the world, and the words and acts of those Spring months will form in history some of the most important of its pages. Mr. Fessenden in his capacity as Senator was an officio juror. As the days passed, now bringing tidings of the close of evidence, the tedious summing up and the delay of preparing for the question, it became rumored about that certain Republican Senators vote for the President's acquittal, and among them was named Mr. Fessenden. He had, it was true, voted for the passage of the Tenure-of-Office act over the President's veto, his whole Congressional record had been above reproach, and during his Secretaryship his judgment had been severely tested. Still the rumor

necessaity and possibility of a more comprehensive and

effective system of taxation. During this time he had

on the side of acquittal. For this he has given his reasons. After going over the case at length, he says:
In the case of an elective Chief Magistrate of a great and powerfor people, living under a written Constitution, there is much more at stake in such a proceeding than the fate of the individual. The office of President is one of the great coordinate branches of the Government, having its defined powers, privileges, and duties: as essential to the very frame-work of the Government as any other, and to be touched with as careful a hand. Anything which conduces to weaken its hold upon the respect of the people, to break down the barriers which surround it, to make it the mere aport of temporary majorities, tends to the great injury of our Government, and inflicts a wound upon constitutional liberty. It is evident, then, as it seems to me, that the offense for which a Chief Magistrate is removed from office, and the power intrusted to him by the people transferred to other hands, and especially where the hands which ceive it are to be the same which take it from him, should be of such a character as to commend itself at once to the minds of all right thinking men as beyond all question an adequate cause. It should be free from the taint of party; leave no reasonable ground of suspicion upon the otives of those who inflict the penalty, and address itself to the country

The power of impeachment is conferred by the Constitution in terms so general as to occasion great diversity of opinion with regard to the nature of offenses which may be held to constitute crimes or misdemeanors, within its intent and meaning (some contending that only such crimes are intended as are subject to punishment as a riciation of a known law; others claiming that the judges

may decide as to what is the crime.)

To the suggestion that popular opinion demands the conviction of the President on these charges, I reply that he is not now on trial before the people, but before the Schata. In the words of Lord Kidon, upon the because I am supposed constitutionally not to be acquainted with it."

And again, "It is the duty of those on whom a judicial task is imposed to meet reproach, and not court popularity." The people bare not beard the evidence as we have heard it. The responsibility is not upon hem, but upon us. They have not taken an eath to "do impartia them, but upon us. They have not taken an easi to to up imparts. justice according to the Constitution and the laws." I have taken that oath. I cannot render judgment upon their convictions, nor can they transfer to themselves my punishment if I violate my own. And I should consider myself undeserving the confidence of that just and intelligent people who imposed upon me this great responsibility, and un worthy a place among honorable men, if, for any fear of public rept dor, and for the sake of securing popular favor, I should disregard the sonviction of my judgment and my conscience.

His vote was cast in accordance with these opinions, and he endured its effect. The great mass of the Republican party felt convinced that the President ought to have been convicted; and in the first rush of popular indignation after the acquittal, the Republican Senators by whose votes the President escaped became (intensely odious More perhaps than almost any of the others, Mr. Fessenden escaped the charges of personal corruption which were rife, and few even of his bitterest enemies ever attributed his vote to worse motives than the dyspeptic tendency to be dissatisfied, the chronic disposition, as they call it, to quarrel with Mr. Sumner, and a perverse preference for always stemmingithe popular current, right or wrong. For the time he was everywhere condemned, and it seemed that the hold he had so long possessed on the affections of the people of his own State was finally broken. As the months went by, and especially after his active efforts in behalf of the election of Gen. Grant, Mr. Fessenden began to regain his former position; and during the last session of Congress little of the intense bitterness which followed the first announcement of the verdict on impeach-ment was longer visible, either in the conduct of his fellow-Senators or in his general treatment at the capital and in his own State.

Mr. Fessenden and long suffered from chronic dispepsia, had been in fact for many years, to a greater or less degree, a constant invalid. The diness which has resulted in his decease began last Friday, and is described as a stoppage of the bowels. He lingered till 6 o'clock yesterday morning. In him Maine loses one of her ablest statesmen, and the country one who must always be remembered as having per formed most difficult service in the darkest hour.

MAJOR-GEN. RAWLINS.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TEIBUNE.

Washington, Sept. 8.-The preparations for the funeral of Gen. Rawlins, which is to occur to morrow, are very extensive, and from the personal popularity of the deceased, and the manifestations of sorrow apparent everywhere in the city, the funeral will probably be one of the largest and most imposing ever held here. All the members of the Cabinet are here, and will attend, excepting Mr. Boutwell, who is detained at home. Judge Hoar returned to-day, and Secretary Fish arrived the day be fore yesterday. All the foreign Ministers in the city will attend in a body, and all the Government officers from the President down. The Mayor has recommended that all the places of business in the city be closed from 9 o'clock until 2, and the Government business will be wholly suspended.

[GENERAL PRESS DISPATCH]

LARGE NUMBERS VIEWING HIS REMAINS-ALL RUSINESS TO BE SUSPENDED TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Large numbers visited the War Department to-day to view the remains of nent or temporary officers.

the decembed Secretary. The Mayor of Washington has issued a proclamation closing the municipal offices to-morrow, and the indications are that all secular business throughout the city will be then suspended. The veterans of the Soldiers Home and survivors of the Mexican War, under the officers of the Association, will participate in the ceremonies of respect to the late Secretary; also the survivors of the War of 1812.

This afternoon an unknown party, consisting of three ladies and a gentleman, visited the corpse of the Secre tary of War, and left afbeautiful bouquet of flowers and evergreens arranged in the form of a star, about 20 inches in diameter. Accompanying it wasta card with the following inscription: "On this altar of the greatest sacrifice for our country's good the Lone Star State offers her emblem as incense to renewed fraternal love. A way-ward star yet the is still a sister." The officers in fice for our country's good the Lone Star State clears are emblem as incense to renewed fraternal love. A wayward sistor, yet she is still a sister." The officers in charge placed the tribute at the foot of the coffin.

The hearse will be drawn by six gray horses, each with a black plume in the headstall, and led by a groom with black ribbon attached to the bridle bit. The remains will be followed by nearly 300 carriages, containing the family, friends, members of the Diplomatic Corps, and the officials of the Government, in addition to the military and various civic associations. After the religious services at the Congressional Cemetery, a salute of three volleys of musketry, and 12 guns or salvos from the artiliery will be fired. The funeral psgeant will doubtless be one of the most solemn and impressive ever witnessed in this city. Among others who have arrived to attend the funeral is Gen. Van Wyck of New-York.

At a meeting of the Maryland Republican State Central Committe to day, at Baltimore, C. C. Fulton, Chairman, presiding, resolutions were passed expressing for hemselves individually, and for the Republicans of Maryland, their deep sense of the calamity which the country has sustained in the death of Gen. Rawlins, and their sympathy with the President in the loss of his tried friend and companion. A committee of seven were appointed to attend the funeral of Gen. Rawlins to-morow, at Washington.

The heads of the bureaus of the Treasury Department

ashington.
he heads of the bureaus of the Treasury Department held a meeting this morning to take suitable action rela ative to the death of Gen. Rawlins. Major T. L. Smith First Auditor, was called to the chair, and John Say Knox Pirst Auditor, was called to the chair, and John Say Klox, Deputy Controller of Currency, appointed Secretary. Major Smith, on taking the chair, made some remarks pertinent to the subject of the meeting, and resolutions of respect and condolence were adopted. The following order has been issued by Secretary Roberon.

The following order has been insided by Sections's Robeson:

Washington, Sept. 8, 1869.

The death of Geu. John A. Rawlins, Secretary of War, which occurred on Monday, Sept. 6, 1869, is bereby amounced to the Navy and Marine Corps. He will be hursed with military honors, at 10 o'clock a.m., on Thursday, the 9th inst. Orders for closing the Department and draping it in mourning, and for the attendance of officers at the fueral, have been issued. As an additional mark of respect for the memory of the distinguished soldier and stateman who has just died in the service of his country, the flag will be displayed at half-mast from surrise to sunset, and 15 minute guns he fired at noon on the 9th, or or the day after the receipt of this order by mail or telegram, at all the Navy Yards and the Thursday and Alarine Corps for 30 days.

Grongs M. Bohrson, Sec. of Navy.

THE RAWLINS FUND. The undersigned gratefully announces the following additional subscriptions to the fund for the widow and children of the late Gen. John A. Rawiins, Secretary

of War. Due formal acknowledgment will be made of all subscriptions hereafter:

DANIEL BUTTERFIELD, Treasurer.

The Custom-House, Sub-Treasury, and all the other public buildings (excepting the Post-Office) will be closed to-morrow, in honor of the memory of Major. Gen. Rawlins. Mr. Grinnell has issued the following direular:

Custow-House, Naw-York, Contactors' Oppice, Sept. 3, 1869.

I would respectfully request that the fags of all reasels in this port be displayed at half-mast to-morrow. Thursday, 9th inst. in testimosy of respect for the memory of the late Gen. John A. Rawlins, Secretary of War of the United States.

The U. S. Commissioner's Office will also be closed, and in the other offices of the United States building on Chambers-st. no business will be transacted, excepting that which is absolutely necessary.

By order of the Secretary of State, the gates of the new Post-Office inclosure will be shut, and work suspended, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p. m. to-day.

M. AND O. NAVIGATION CO .- REORGANIZATION. At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Mediterranean and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, yesterday, the following-named gentlemen were pany, yesterday, the following-named gentlemen were elected members of the Board: Wm. Radde, in place of D. D. T. Marshall, resigned; Charles P. Sykes, in place of Gen. Palmer, resigned; John F. Cleveland, in place of James T. Huested, resigned; James C. Jawett, Henri L. Staart, and Lebeus H. Mitchell, new members. Gen. Hiram Walbridge and Dr. Robert S. Newton are the other members of the Board. Gen. Hiram Walbridge telegraphed yesterday from San Francisco to the manager of the Company: "A gentleman leaves here to day to see what arrangements can be made with our Comproved correct, and Benator Fessenden's vote was given | pan

POLITICAL.

THE VERMONT ELECTION.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Sept. 8.-The Vermont State election for Governor and other State officers, and Members of the Leg slature took place yesterday. The cam paign was one of the most quiet for many years, and con-sequently a very light vote was east. Last year, when an unusually heavy vote was polled, the aggregate ballot amounted ito lover 58,000, and it is fnot probable that much lover 45,000 votes were polled yesterday. The returns from a few towns showed that the Republican vote, as compared to last year, is as four to five, and the Democratic as seven to ten. The lightness of the ballot was noticeable everywhere, unless, as in a few thwns, some local question has operated to produce a different result. Thirty-five towns have given Washburne (Republican), for Governor, 6,844, and Heaton (Democrat), .This shows a majority on the whole vote of about 20,000. The Senate will be unanimously Republican, and the House will not vary much from past years-290 or more Republican members to 30 or less of Demecrats.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION. MILWAUKEE, Sept. 8.—The Democratic State Convention met to-day, and nominated Col. C. D. Robinson of Green Bay for Governor; A. C. Cook of Columbus for Secretary of State; John Black of Milwaukee for Treasurer; S. W. Perry of Madison for Attorney General; Carl Berdeau of Waukesha for State Prison Inspector, and Peter J. Gannon of Cedarsburg for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Among the resolutions adopted the following is the most noticeable:

the following is the most noticeable:

Resolved, That the Democratic party of Wisconsin rejoice in the extinction of slavery, in the prompt and general acquiescence of the Southern people of the result of the war, in every well directed effort for the enlight enment and elevation of oppressed humanity at home and abroad, and in every measure compatible with good government and public order to broaden the basis of suffrage and extend the blessing of free institutions to all classes of the people. classes of the people.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION OF MIS-

SISSIPPI. Jackson, Miss., Sept. 8.—The National Union Republican Convention assembled to-day at noon. It is the largest meeting of the kind ever held in this State. Three hundred delegates were present, 75 of whom are colored. Nearly all the counties are represented. Judge Speel of Vicksburg was chosen President, and the followng resolutions were unanimously adopted:

ing resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resoired. That we renfirm the principles enunciated in the Constitution of the zul of June, and that, in addition thereto, we announce ourselves in favor of a liberal system of free schools, and of such equitable distribution of the public school funds as may secure the largest degree of good feeling among all classes of our citizens.

Resoired. That we cordaily invite the immigration of capitalists and manufacturers into our State, and pledge ourselves to such iegislation as shall most effectually aid and foster all the industrial pursuits of our State, and thoroughly develop all its resources.

Judge Lewis Dent was manufacusty nominated for

Judge Lewis Dent was unanimously nominated for Governor; Judge Jefferds for Lieutenant-Governor; J. L. Wolford for Congress in the First District; Judge Wm. Kellogg in the Third, and Judge Joseph W. Field in the Fourth. The Convention adjourned till 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Ex-United States Senator Buckalew has en nominated by the Democrats for the Pennsylvania THE FORT LEE HOMICIDE-TRIAL OF MRS. HART State Senate.

Among the prominent Republicans now on the stump in Pennsylvania are the Hon. John A. Bingbam, Gov. Geary, Senator Scott, and the Hon. Wm. D. A dispatch from Santa Fé, New-Mexico,

says the election on Monday was quiet. The returns indicate the election of the entire Republican ticket in Santa Fe County. As far as had been heard! from, Chavez, the Republican for Congress, has about 200 majority. A Richmond, Va., dispatch of Sept. 8 says

that Gen. Canby will issue the election proclamation tomorrow (to-day), and that it is stated on good authority that Gov. Wells sent his resignation to Gen. Canby a week ago, on the reception of the Attorney-General's test-oath The Pittsburgh Gazette gives the most cheer-

ing account of the political prospects in that part of Pennsylvania. West of the mountains the enthusiasm for the Republican candidates is great, and the accustomed majorities, in proportion to the vote out, may be confidently expected.

A dispatch from San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 7, says: The recount of the election returns of the Second Ward in this city, reveals a greater discrepancy than at first reported. Freeman (Independent) gains 148 and Mc Coppin 1. It will probably require the remainder of the week to complete the recount.

A later dispatch says the proclamation of Gen. Capby. will bring the Legislatures together Oct. 5. Gov. Walker will be installed as Provisional Governor within the next two weeks, at which time Gov. Wells's resignation, now in the hands of Gen. Canby, will be accepted. The Legislature itself will decide whether it shall elect perma-

UNION REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE A meeting of this Committee was held last evening at the Apollo Rooms, Broadway and Twentysighth-st., the Hon. Edgar Ketchum, President, in the eighth-st., the Hon. Edgar Ketchum, Freesacht, in the chair. Mr. Charles A. Kitchel moved a series of resolutions expressing the sorrow of the Republican party at the deaths of Gen. Rawiins, late Secretary of War, and Senator William Pitt Fessenden. The resolutions were unanimously adopted. The question of the call for the primary elections and the approaching State Convention at Syracuse were discussed, and the Executive Committee ordered to prepare a draft call. The meeting then addourned. adjourned.

FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICANS. The regular monthly meeting of the Republicans of the Fifth Assembly District took place last licans of the Fifth Assembly District took place last evening at No. 100 Prince-st. There was a large attendance. A number of new members were admitted. It was resolved that the Association, having heard with sorrow the announcement of the death of Gen. J. A. Rawlins, late Secretary of War, express their sympathy with the mourners. Next Tuesday evening the enrollment books of the Association will be opened for new names. A Committee of Five was appointed to examine qualifications for membership.

EIGHTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION RE-PUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.

This organization, presided over by George Van Cleft, held its first meeting last evening at its new Hall, No. 453 Fourth-ave. Several new members were enrolled. After some discussion it was decided that the future monthly meetings of the Association be held on the first Monday of each month. The situation was hope-fully discussed, after which an adjournment was had to Friday evening the 17th inst. THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC UNION GENERAL

COMMITTEE AND THE HUMBOLDT CELEBRA-

TION. At the meeting of the Seventeenth Ward German Democratic Club last evening, at the Henry Clay House, Avenue A and First-st., Supervisor G. N. Herman presiding, an invitation from the German Democratic Union General Committee, to participate as a Democratic organization at the Humboldt festival, was read, and organization at the Humboldt festival, was read, and provoked an animated discussion. Gen. Anthony Elekhoff led the opposition. While he hoped every member of the club would attend as an individual, he protested, he said, in the strongest language he knew how to command, against the Seventeenth Ward lending itself, its power and prestige, to give to such an organization as the German Democratic Union General Committee political capital to be attained by such clap-trap means, Christopher Flecke hoped the club would accept the invitation. It had availed itself of the privilege of sending delegates to the General Committee, and therefore ought to participate in the result of their labors. After a debate of some warmth the opponents of the invitation succeeded in laying it on the table. A number of committees to organize the different election districts, and one consisting of Messrs. Jacob F. Gross, John Zahn, and Christopher Flecke, on by-laws, were appointed. pointed. FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN

ASSOCIATION. This Association, of which Mr. William H. Hannah is President, met last evening, and transacted business mainly of a routine character. It was stated that arrangements for the Fail campaign are almost com-pleted.

MINETEENTH WARD GERMAN DEMOCRATIC CLUB. This Club last evening met at No. 701 Thirdave., President Francis Kohler in the chair, and ordered a call to be issued to all the German Democratic organa call to be issued to all the German Democratic organizations of the Nineteenth and Twenty-second Wards, requesting them to convene, at 9 n.m. on Sunday next, in Rassiga's lager-bier saloon, Third-avec, between Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth-ets., for the purpose of arriving at some common purpose, if not at some definite choice, in regard to filling the vacancies in the Police and civil and judicial Districts comprising those Wards. An invitation to participate in the Humboldt festival, on Tuesday next, was received and accepted.

SEVENTEENTH WARD HOFFMAN CLUB. A meeting of this Club was held last night at No. 441 Sixth-st., Eckhart Grampp presiding. Mr. Enring addressed the meeting at considerable length on the subject of German education. He said he felt bound to confess that the Republican party had done more for to confess that the Republican party had done more for the education of children than any other. He advocated the introduction of the German element in education. The majority of the political leaders of every party were opposed to it, yet he certainly thought the German branches ought to be taught. There would be a general meeting next week, at which this matter would be fully discussed. The mames of the principal citizens of the Ward were being obtained to indorse the demand for German education, and he hoped the Germans of the Ward would come forward and sign their names, not by hundreds only, but by thousands, to promote the measure. ard would come forward and sign that he had a make his partial markets only, but by thousands, to promote the measure, so meeting alluded to will be held at No. 41 First aye., Monday evening next. He urged the German Democ clubs to make no delay in appointing delegates ν_0 sent them in the general organization. Each o'ub

should be united; divisions should cease; a reform must be instituted; by unity and determination they will carry their point, but not otherwise. A resolution was adopted expressing the determination of the Club to act on the recommendation of Mr. Euring, and to send delegates to the general organization. The delegates were subsequently appointed, and after routine business the meeting adjourned. was entitled to a delegate for every ten members. They

PERSONAL.

The wife of the Rev. Van Ness Traver of Hyde Park, N. Y., has presented him with three children at a birth

It will be a great relief to the public mind to know that the Mayor of Newport expresses his official opinion that "Miss Ida Lewis is justly entitled to the various testimoniais presented her in honor of her heroic exploits."

Prof. Karl Vogt, the celebrated German physicist and polliferan, is indignant at the manner in which the American Turners received his offer to lecture in the United States. He demanded \$20,000 in gold, be sides \$3,000 for traveling expenses. The real leading spirit of Japan now is Sat-

suma, the Treasurer of the Empire. He is the richest of the native princes, or Diamies; adopts every improvement, arms his followers with breech-loading rifles, bas sent as many as 50 young Japanese to be educated in various parts of Europe, and, in a word, is a man of the Of late the town-talk of Florence is the

appearance in a stall before the Ricci Palace of a shoeblack, about 40 years of age, named Carlo Ricci, who claims to be a member of the great Ricci family, to which the Countess Walewska belongs. Keeping up his nobility, he displays over his blacking-box a card on which is writ ten, Cavaliere Lustrino.

Mrs. Gen. Rawlins, accompanied by her son and two daughters, her father, Mr. Hurburt, and Mr. Smith, the General's brother-in-law, arrived in this city yesterday from Danbury, Conn., and left for Washington by the 9:20 train hast evening, to attend the funeral of the late Secretary of War.

Ex-Gov. D. S. Walker and Col. W. E. Purdy of Ex-Gov, D. S. Walker and Col. W. E. Purdy of Florida, Judge Comstock and D. K. McCarthy of Syracuse, the Hon. Gainsha A. Grow of Pennsylvania, the Hon. J. N. Goodwin of Washington, and D. Mactavish of Montreal, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The Hon. H. R. Hulburd, Controller of the Currency; C. R. Rangele, Charge d'Affaires of Greece at Washington; Gen. W. B. Hazen, U. S. A.; Prof. Tunrber, Passade, N. J., and Judge Monell, Newburgh, are at the Albemarle Hotel. The Hon. Capt. Wm. Ward, Naval Attache of the British Legation; A. G. Magrath, Charleston, S. C.; Col. R. L. Banks of Gov. Hoffman's Staff, and Richard Grant White, are at the Clarendon Hotel. Commodore Aiden, U. S. Navy, is at the Brovoort House. Col. Gorloff. Military Attache of the Russian Legation, and Gen. H. A. Baraum, Syraouse, are at the Hoffman Col. Gorloff, Military Attache of the Russian Legation, and Gen. H. A. Barnum, Syraense, are at the Hoffman House. Gen. Sullivan, late U. S. Minister to Colombia; Col. Devid, U. S. A.; the Hon. H. W. Hilliard of Georgin; Wm. B. Ogden and P. H. Smith, Chicago, and Col. E. Harrison, Alabama, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Ex-Congressman Van Aernam, Frankfinville, N. Y.; the Hou. Nathaniel Wilson, Washington, and Paymaster Allen, U. S. Navy, are at the Astor House. J. R. Osgood of Boston is at the Westminster Hotel. Judge Rowley is at the New-York Hotel. New-York Hotel.

The trial of Mrs. Ellen Hartman, who stands tharged with having caused the death of Mrs. Louise Bowman in the early part of August, was commenced Jesterday in the Bergen County (N. J.) Court of Oyer and Jesterday in the Bergen County (N. J.) Court of Oyer and Ierminer, before Justice Bedle, presiding. The circumstances of the affair are as follows: Mrs. Louise Bowman with her husdand lived just off the main road, hear the northern boundary line of the village of Fort Lee, in a little house which they hired for a small sental, from Mrs. Ellen Hartman. Mrs. Hartman, with her husband, was at that time in the service of a resident of English Neighborhood. This gentleman soon discharged Hartman for drunkenness. His wife left the house with him. They now wanted a home, and they consequently made an effort to get the Bowman family out of the house, which that family had hired from them. Mrs. Hartman applied to Justice Taylor for a warrant to disposses them, but he refused to issue the warrant without first inving given the usual five days' notice to the tenants. Mrs. Hartman was not willing that such a notice should be given, and she resolved to put the family out herself. With this intention she went to the premises and undertook to remove the furniture. Mrs. Bowman interfered to prevent this. Mrs. Hartman then picked up a stick and attacked Mrs. Bowman; Mrs. Bowman setzed a broomstick, with which she beat back her assuliant, who went outside the fence, and picking up a sione flung it at Mrs. Bowman, and struck her, and within three days she died in consequence of the wounds it had inflicted. Mrs. Hartman was arrested aday or two subsequently, and committed to the jail at Hackensack to await trial, which was begun yesterday, but not concluded. The testimony of but three witnesses was taken. Edward Single, the first witness called, testified that he witnessed the dispute between the women; that Mrs. Hartman undertook to remove the furniture, and Mrs. Bowman interfered; that he then saw Mrs. Hartman scize a thick stick and strike Mrs. Bowman over the head and shoulders with it; that he then saw Mrs. Hartman scize a thick stick and strike Mrs. Bowman over the head and shoulders with it; that he then saw here here he he Terminer, before Justice Bedle, presiding. The circum-Mrs. Gracie, who was then placed upon the witness stand, corroborated the statement of the previous witnesses. At this stage of the case the proceedings were adjourned until this morning.

SUICIDE OF A HOTEL PROPRIETOR.

Henry T. Moore, the owner of and a guest at the Eutherfurd Park Hotel, New-Jersey, committed sucide on Tuesday evening by blowing out his brains with a pistol. Deccased was a son of John P. Moore, esq., a gentleman at one time largely interested in the gun trade on Broadway, near Fulton-st. No cause can be assigned for the deed, save that during the past month Deceased has been in poor health, using other and stimuinnis often. The circumstances attending the case are briefly these: Deceased returned from a carriage ride to the hotel, and dismissing his boy, placed a pistol, as is presumed, in his mouth, and pulling the trigger, the contents were discharged into his brain, and the anfortunate man at once expired. When found in his room soon afterward the discharged weapon was still in his hand near his mouth, and a bottle of chloroform at his side upon the sofa where he lay. Mr. Moore was a man widely respected for his uprightness, was very well to do pecuniarily, and his death has carried sorrow to a wide circle of friends. A jury impanneled by Coronor Muchmore rendered a verdict in accordance with the above-stated facts adding that decensed was temporarily deranged at the time of committing the deed. His remains will be buried with Masonic honors by the Masonic Lodge of Passaic, New-Jersey. lants often. The circumstances attending the case are

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS. At the meeting of the Board of Fire Com-

missioners yesterday, Commissioners Shaler, Wilson, and Galway being present, the following resolution, reported by the Committee on Storage of Combustibles, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the necessary notices he served upon the persons

imously adopted:

Resolved. That the necessary notices be served upon the persons named in the annexed list for violation of the law relative to the secondary, setterage, and selling of combastible materials and that legal proceedings be instituted in the name of the Metropolitian Fire Department to enforce the collection of the penalties and the removal of the violations, and that the Committee on Storage of Combastible Materials take such steps relative thereta as may be deemed agreesary and proper in the premises.

The following are the persons named in the report: Patrick Finegan, No. 80 Elizabethest.; Edurind Pinalon, No. 282 Tenth-ave; Charles Becker, No. 429 West Thirty-elighth-st.; John A. Prigge, No. 511 Sixth-ave; Harmon H. Krozer, No. 518 Tenth-ave; Dennis Sullivan, No. 11 Little Twelfth-st.; Bartholomew Doerge, No. 582 Eleventh-ave; B. Raber, No. 189 Avenue A; Aaron Pierce, No. 588 Tenth-ave; Henry Krumrviede, Fifty-second-st.; Frederick Holsten, No. 148 Delancey-st.; Ambrose Shaler, Broadway, between Sixty-minth and Seventieth-sts.; Andrew Keernig, No. 333 East Twenty-first-st.; Courad Theiler, Eighth-ave, between Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh-sts.; Edward Brown, No. 154 West Twenty-eighth-st.; Henry Schilling, No. 169 Broome-st.; Henry Margensteen, No. 302 East Houston-st.; John Vanduser, No. 449 East Houston-st.; Charles MeDougal, No. 148 Stanton-st.; Frank Nicklos, No. 40 Sheriff-st.; Adam Greenque, No. 247 Stanton-st.; Charles MeDougal, No. 148 Stanton-st.; Charles Toneck, No. 383 Cherry-st. On motion of Commissioner Galway, it was resolved that the Committee on Apparatus be instructed to inquire into the propriety and expediency of locating one or more patent fire extinguishers in each of the police stations and other public places in the city, open might and day for the use of the Department, and such other persons as may find it convenient to extinguish fires before an alarm can be sounded. The Four the search of the police stations and other public places in the Etra Secondary of the second

THE FREE COLLEGE—ADDRESS OF THE ALUMNI
The Associate Alumni of the College of the
City of Now-York presented an address to the Board of
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City of Now-York presented the College
against the attacks made upon it during the Past six
months. Beveral Legislative Committees, they say, have
born testimony to its usefulness. The cost of the College
last year—\$120,000—was but one two hundreth part of
the entire city tax. The work done is not to be measured
by the mere number of graduates. There are many who
attend for limited periods, and such are receiving benefit
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attend for limited periods, and such are receiving benefit
somethink that the \$120,000 spent is so much taken from
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Books as well a THE FREE COLLEGE-ADDRESS OF THE ALUMNI

FUNERAL OF SIGNOR FERDINAND PALMO. The funeral of the late Ferdinand Palmo, exmapager of Italian opera in this city, took place yester.

under their kindly care the funeral was conducted in a proper and respectful manner. Among these present were several musicians who had been membe, e of Mr. Palmo's troupe in the days of his opera house in Chambers-st., and a number of Free Masons. The decased leaves no children or relations in the case of the contraction of the contr leaves no children or relations in this country save at adopted daughter who followed his remains to the grave His wife died about three years ago. There were no services in the house, though the coffin was there opened, and the friends present took a last look at the features of the dead impresarie. At the grave, at Greenwood, the Episcopal burial service was read by the Rev. M. Duyckinck, after which the remains were interred beside those of Mr. Palmo's wife.

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

THE TURF.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE SECOND DAY'S RUNNING AT THE FASHION COURSE, L. I.

The unfavorable weather yesterday caused a postponement of the racing of the second day of the meeting until Saturday, and as a necessary consequence the third day's sport is adjourned to Monday. No notice of the postponement was given in the city by the proprietor of the course, and in the uncertainty that prevailed as to the racing coming off, about 200 people visited the track, only to be met by disappointment. There are as to the racing coming off, about 290 people visited the track, only to be met by disappointment. There are three entries in the hurdle race of mile heats: H. B. Todd's b. g. Harry Booth, 6 years; J. W. Weldon's ch. g. Simple Simon, 5 years; and J. Thompson's b. m. Lobelia, 6 years. Lobelia is the favorite against the field. In the mile heat race, three is five, J. O'Donnell's ch. c. General Duke; R. W. Waldon's b. m. Bonnie Braes, and J. W. Weldon's ch. h. Local are entered, the former being the favorite.

LEXINGTON RACES. LOUISVILLE, Sept. 8.—The attendance was large to-day and weather clear, but the track was very heavy. The first race was for the Jockey Club purse of \$200, mile heats, for all agos. The following is the summary:

POINT BREEZE PARK RACES. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.—The first race at the cont Breeze Park races, to-day, was for a purse of \$1,000, or horses which have never beaten 2:45; \$550 for the wineer, \$250 for second, and \$100 for third horse. The followng is the summary:

Time, 2:291, 2:281, 2:29, 2:30.

The rain prevented the lifth heat and the race will be ished to-morrow.

BASE-BALL

MUTUAL VS. ATHLETIC OF PHILADELPHIA-THE MUTUALS DEFEATED BY A SCORE OF 45 TO 28. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8 .- About 5,000 persons ssembled on the grounds, Seventeenth-st. and Columbiaave., this afternoon, to witness the game between the Mutuals of New-York and the Athletics of this city

I; total, II; Reach, 2; Sensenderfor, I; Foran, 2; Base play—Put out by Hatfield, i; E. Milis, 7; Fia; Carlton, 2; total, 12; assisted by Hatfield, C. Milis, 4; Swandell, 1; Ergier, 1; C. Put out—By Fisher, 10; Reach, 1; McMullin, 1; 1; total, 14. Assisted—By Reach, 3; McBride, 7; 12. Left on Bases—E. Mills, 1; Fianley, 1; C. Milis, 2; McBride, 2; Cuthhert, 1; Radeliffe, 1; total, andell, 1. Out on Fouls—Mutual, 6 times; Athletic use—Mutual, 6; Athletic, 79.

The Reporters and Athletic heavy weights will have a social game in the Capitoline Grounds this afternoon. Game will be called at 3:35.

LA CROSSE.

THE GRAND STRUGGLE POSTPONED UNTIL TO-DAY-A PRACTICE GAME.

The rains of yesterday prevented the La Crosse games at Jones's Wood. At the appointed time, about 200 spectators were present and were treated to a practice game, as the condition of the ground would not permit a match game. The affair, notwithstanding, was exciting and highly amusing. Like base-ball, the game of La Crosse requires a large field. At the distance of 200 yards (according to the length and breadth of the field) Magstaffe—two at each end—are placed, and these to six feet apart, while they are also six feet high. To men, nine on either side, are then stationed througho the field, somewhat like the players in the game cricket. Equidistant from the flagstaffs, or goals, as the are called, the ball is placed. Each man is puided with a "lacrosse"—a pole bent at the ein semicircular form, which is filled in we network of cords. The word being given, t vided with a "lacrosse"—a pole bent at the end in semicircular form, which is filled it with a network of cords. The word being given, the two men between whom the ball is placed endeavor to lift it from the ground on their respective orosses. The ball once lifted, the object then is to drive it through the goal, i. e, between the flag-staffe, each side endeavoring to get it through their opponents. There is no defined movement, of course, the men running and tambling as the course of the ball demands. For illustration: There are, say, red and blue, each side being distinguished by these colors—a ribbon, perhaps. Blue has the ball on his lacrosse (it connot be touched with the hands), and, of course, he makes for the red goal; all the reds endeavor to intercept him. If he find himself hard pushed, he will dexterously, and in the misst of the whole group, throw the ball to one of his own side, when the battle commences anow. Perhaps a red may take it, and the struggle is then against the red. In this way the ball may be kept an hour, or longer, before it is driven past a goal, and the game terminated. Should to-day be fair, the Indians will give an exhibition at the Union grounds, Williamsburgh.

AQUATIC.

A FIVE-MILE BOAT RACE. John Biglin of this city and John McKeel

of Cold Spring, yesterday rowed a five-mile race in single sculis, off the Elysian Fields, Hoboken. The course traversed was the Old Elysian Field's three-mile course, shortened by half a mile, the boats rounding a stake boat at a distance of two and a half miles, and returning. The race was pulled in 17 feet working boats, for a stake of \$300 a side. Notwithstanding the extremely unpleasant weather and driving rain, the steamboat Fort Lee, when it left Christopher-st. at 3 p. m. for the course, was crowded. Highin's partisans from the East Side and Thirty-fourth-st., and an immense crowd, also gathered at the Elysian Fields to view the race from the shore. Just before the time assigned for the event the rain ceased the sun came out, the water had become very smooth and no better opportunity for a best-race could have been gaked. The men were started about 5 o'clock, Elliott, the the sun came out, the water had become very smooth, and no better opportunity for a best-race could have been spixed. The men were started about 5 o'clock, Elliott, the referee, accompanying them in a six-oared gig, belonging to the Gulick Club. Biglin wore a red shirt, and McKiel white. They made an excellent start, commencing even, and hugging the shore closely to avoid the strong current of the ebbing tide. Before they had made many strokes, McKiel, who had the outside, took the lead, and immediately became the favorite. His stroke was longer and apparently much easier than Biglin's, as the latter dipped deeper and pulled a shorter stroke, causing his boat to labor perceptibly, while his opponent slipped smoothly along without any apparent effort. Biglin, however, pulled with great energy, and seemed to be in splendid condition. As the boats flew up the course, each man pulling 3s strokes a minute, McKiel increased the interval between them to nearly two lengths, and they remained at about that distance apart until they came opposite the Weehawken docks. As they passed this point Biglin began to draw slowly up, and gradually took a lead of a boat's length. This he increased by a very neat turn at the stake to three boats' lengths. Time to the stake, 16 min. 20 sec. The New-York coarsman was evidently the favorite, and tremendous applause from the steamboat and the shore greeted his successful spurt. Biglin now increased his lead to three lengths, to he surprise of all, and though McKeel made an effort as he passed the oil dock he continued to fall in the rear until the cod of the race, Biglin passing the goal at least 150 yards ahead. Time, 3s min. 3 sec.

PEDESTRIANISM.

ONE HUNDRED MILE WALKING MATCH. Boston, Sept. 8.—The 100 mile walking match or \$1,000 between the pedestrian McEttrick of this sty and the English pedestrian Bobinson was completed for \$1.000 between the pedestrian McEttrick of this city and the English pedestrian Bobinson was completed at the Skating Rink at a late hour last evening, and was won by McEttrick, who walked the distance in 23 hours and 32 minutes. At 2 yesterday morning the Englishman was taken sick, but he struggled on with great energy till 6 o'clock last evening, when he was forced to stop through weakness, having walked 87 miles in 18 hours and 32 seconds. On account of his sudden illness Robinson's time in detail was not taken. McEttrick completed his 25th mile at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. His 35th was completed at 4:47 a. in; 60th at 25th mile at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. His 35th was completed at 4:47 a. in; 60th at 1:55, 5th at 8:40, A rest was then taken, after which the 55th mile was walked at 1a in.; 60th at 1:55, 5th at 1:36 p. m.; 7th at 2:25. Another rest was taken, and at 4:45 p. m. he had made his 80th mile, and his 90th at 7:20. While McEttrick was on his 95th mile Robinson made his appearance and walked a few times around the Rink, making very good time, but it was evident to all observers that he was much prostrated by weakness. The growd were so anxious to see him while stopping before the judges' stand that for a few minutes they rushed pell mell toward him, requiring the aid of several officers to force them back and interfering somewhat with McEttrick's waiking. Mr. Hussey, the trainer of Robinson he would robinger proceed, and acknowledged McEttrick the vindence of the condition of Robinson he would robinger proceed, and acknowledged McEttrick the vindence hears, but McEttrick at a constant with McEttrick walking. Mr. Hussey, the trainer of the condition of Robinson he would robinger proceed, and acknowledged McEttrick the vindence hears, but McEttrick was received with fremotions cheers, but McEttrick at a constant and the remove does not not seen to the condition of Robinson he would robinger proceed, and acknowledged McEttrick the vindence hears, but McEttrick was not seen to the condition of de'y from his late residence, No. 113 Eleventh-t.

There was a large attendance of Italians on the occasion, but the operatic magnates of the present day occasion, but the operatic magnates of the present day were but sensitily represented. The members of the were but sensitily represented. The members of the large at the office of the condition of Robbinson he would no onsequence of the condition of

miles. His last turn round the rink was made in the remarkably quick time of 40 seconds, amid tremendous excitement, and at 94 o'clock be had completed the entire distance, being 25 minutes short of 24 hours. His whole walking time was 28 hours and 32 minutes, including hours and 9 minutes for rest and refreshments. At the conclusion of his long tramp McEttrick was in excellent condition.

LABOR MOVEMENTS.

WHEELWRIGHTS AND BLACKSMITHS. Last evening the Wheelwrights and Blacksmiths' Protective Union held their regular meeting at Jackson's Half, corner of Greenwich-st. and Eighth ave., Mr. Galagher in the chair. The regular routine of business was transacted, including the initiation of two members. This Society is in a thriving condition, and is rapidly increasing in membership and usefulness. Longshoremen's Union No. 2 of this city has

nearly \$10,000 in bank.

The Second Union Cooperative Building Society received, last evening, \$789 in subscriptions.

At a meeting of the Brooklyn Plasterers last evening, a communication was read from the officers of the Haverhill, Mass., Plasterers' Union, announcing that the strike' there for the eight-hour system had resulted favorably for the men?

nearly \$10,000 in bank.

The Journeymen Custom Tailors have appointed a Committee of two to go to Paterson, N. J., on Sunday, to address a mass meeting of tailors which is to be held there. The Union also voted to parade on the occasion of the Humboldt celebration.

The Dry Goods E. C. Association last evening presented a handsome ebony cain, valued at \$60, to ex-Treasurer B. Clapp, as a tken of esteem. A committee was also appointed to make arrangements for a lecture to be delivered at Cooper Institute, by Mr. Gouga, in November. This Association has a fund of \$1,590.

A SERIOUS LOSS.

Several days ago Mrs. Ellen McLoughlin came to this city from Cincinnati, bringing with her four orphan children, their mother, a sister of Mrs. McLoughlin, having died in the latter city. She had with her \$1.00, contained in a pasteboard box, fastened to the inside of her dress. While passing along West Thirty-fourth-st., and feeling thirsty and tired, she saw Patrick Shaughnessy of No. 197 Avonue A washing the walk in front of a private residence, and stopping, she drank from the hose he was using, and bathed her face. As she turned away Mrs. McLoughin noticed a box similar to the one she carried, lying on the walk beside her, but not thinking it hers, paid no attention to it, and walked on. On reaching the Thirty-fourth-st. ferry, she missed her box, and at once returning, inquired of O'Shaughnessy if he had seen the box, but he denied all knowledge of it. Mrs. McLoughlin reported her loss to Inspector Diks. Detective Niven was given the case, and, after somewhat of alsearch, a day or two ago arrested Shaughnessy. He denied in the most positive manner that he knew anything of the box, and as nothing could be proved against him he was yesterday taken before Aiderman O'Brien at the Tombs and discharged. lin, having died in the latter city. She had with her

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST. The new Church of the Heavenly Rest, corner of Fifth-ave. and Forty-fifth-st., will reopen next Sunday,

of Fifth-ave, and Forty-fifth-st, will reopen next Sundar, 12th inst. It has been much improved during the recess by polychroming walls, the insertion of richity stained windows, the hanging of beautiful coronas for gas, and the completion of the caps to the formerly unfinished columns. A glided and colored baptismal font has been placed near the chancel, and the altar has been refitted. The Rev. Dr. T. K. Conrad and the Rev. Dr. R. S. Howland are the joint Rectors. The Church was opened only last Spring, and before another year will be enlarged.

THE STATE OF TRADE

WEST INDIA MARKETS. HAVANA, Sept. 8.—The Sugar market closed firm at nachenged quote-tions. Operations are limited, owing to the scarcity of classes is unaded for abipment.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

ALBARY, Sept. 8.—Wheat—The market is stronger and Sc. higher for choice samples; Amber and White quoted at \$1.50.9 \cdot 99. No. 2 White, at \$1.69; No. 1 do., \$1.652\strut 19. and Extra do., at \$1.50.\strut 19. No. 1 do., \$1.652\strut 19. and Extra do., at \$1.50.\strut 19. No. 2 White, at \$1.69. \$1.00. \$1.50.\strut 19. And Extra do., at \$1.50.\strut 19. No. 2 \text{24. Noderate sales of Barley have been made at \$1.20 for Mixed, and \$1.25 for No. 2 \text{24. The order to Barley Mail very doi; sales have been made at \$1.25 for No. 2 \text{24. The order to State Mail as low as \$1.50, while some holders are saving \$1.70, the best six rowed, from State or Conada Barley, may be quoted at \$2. and from that down to \$1.50. Oats fromer, but the transactions have been innited to car lots, at \$22.565\strut 50 New State, and \$2.565\strut 60. For New State, and \$2.565\strut 60. \$1.50\strut 19. \$1.50\strut 19

AUGURTA, GA., Soci. 8.—The market for Cotton opened quiet at Mige., but closed at Ho.; sales, 215 bales; receipts, 315 bales; SATANNAH. Ga., Sept. 8.—Cotton—Receipts, 1,236 bales; sales, 73 bales; market fist, with a decline of jc. on all grades; scoulinges Middings, 31@31jc.

CHARLESTOR, S. C., Sept. 8.—Cotton somewhat active, closing jc. off; sales, 200 bales; Middings, 33c; receipts, none.

Wilkisuror, S. C., Sept. 8.—Cotton somewhat active, closing jc. off; sales, 320 bales; Middings, 31c.

Tar steady at \$1.75 for No. 2. Crude Turpentine steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady as \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady so, \$1. Crude Turpentine steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady \$1. Crude Turpentine steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady \$1. Crude Turpentine steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady \$1. Crude Turpentine steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady \$1. Crude Turpentine steady at \$1.50 to \$1. Tar steady \$1. Crude Turpentine \$1. Crude \$

BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET .- Sapr. 3. Cattle-Receipts 2,700 head, market fairly active at ic. lower. Gage-Receipts liberal; demand good; ic. higher.

Piles-Itching Piles-Positively Cured, -Also, Bleeding Piles, Fistule, Sait Bleeding and all diseases of the a Bleeding Piles, Fistals, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the skin by the use of Rossnay's Conu. Rossnay & McKinarny, Hudson, N. Y. Proprietors, Sold by all druggists. Wholesale by J. P. Harney, No. Colleg-place, New-York.

DISBROW-JOHNSON-At the residence of Dr. Burton, No. 200-Secondary, on Wednesday, Sept. S. by the Rev. Ablast E. Kittridge, Richard B. Disbrow to Miss Mary E. Joneson, all of this city. No.

cards.

HOUGHTON-EDWARDS-In Branklyn, R. D., on Wednesder, the Stitlingth, by the Ray, J. C. Houghton, assisted by the Ray, J. E. Edwards, inst., by the Ray, J. C. Houghton, assisted by the Ray, J. C. Adaughter of Agraph 2. inst. by the Rev. J. C. Houghton, assisted Joseph G. Houghton of Burlingion, Vt., George W. Edwards of Brooklyn.

George W. Edwards of Brookins.

MILLER.-STILLWEIL-On Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1989. by the Rev. T. Raiston Smith, D. D., David Miller to Lavra, daughter of J. E. Stiftwell, M. D., all of this city.

TODD-MUNSON-On Tuesday, the 7th inst., at St. Thomas's Church, Now-Haren, Conn., by the Rev. Dr. Beardsley, Louis H. Todd of New-York to Katle A., daughter of Edwin B. Munson, est,, of New-Hisway, WHERLER-SLOAN-At Cold Spring on the Hudson, on Treeday, the 7th inst., by the Rev. M. Maurr, assisted by the Rev. Dr. S. H. Schenck, Samuel G. Wheeler, jr., and Isabell M., daughter of the late James M. Sloan.

WILBOUR-DUNING-On Wednesday, Sept. 3, at St. Ano's Charch, Brooking. by the Rev. N. H. Schenck, D. D., Cornellus Wilbeur in Mary Alber, daughter of Benjamin Dunning, all of Benokira. Na earls.

All Notices of Marriages must be indorsed with full

name and address.

DIED.

BARNEY—At Poughkeepsie, at the residence of his sen-in-law. Atasans Swain, on the evening of Thursiay, the 1d inst., Nationtel Barney of Nantucket, Mass., in the 77th year of his age. Nantucket, Mass. in the 77th year of his age.

DR BOW -- At Pompton, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 3, at 3 o'clock a. m. Hannah De Bow, in her 10sth year.

Puneral services at Pompton Church, this day (Thursday) at 1 o'clock.

HARRISON--On Tuesday, Sept. 7, after a long and severe illness, Catherine Ann. eldest daughter of Thomas and Ann Harrison, aged 41 rears, it months and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend
the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 124 West Thirteenthest, on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. teenth at, on Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

HADLEY-On Tuesday, Sept. 7, after a lingering illness, Sarah, wife of
Sayers Hadley, and daughter of the late William and Sarah Askwith,

Sayers Hadley, and daughter of the late William and Oscillation aged 26 years. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her functal on Friday, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 32 Adelphis. Heroskyra.

JACKSON-At Paterson on Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1889, James Jackson, in the 66th year of his age.

His friends are invited to attend his funeral on Friday, at 2 o'clock p. m., from his late residence, No. 77 Ellison-st., Paterson.

His friends are invited to attend his toneral on Friday, \$2.2 o'clock p. m., from his late residence, No. 77 Billison-8, Paterson.

MONE—At Rutherfurd Park Hotel, on Tuesday, Sopi. 7, Henry T. Moore, edeat son of John P. Moore, esq., in the \$21 year of his age. The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his father-in-law, W. J. Stewart, seq., are respectfully requested to attend the faneral services at the Rutherfurd Park Hotel this day (Thursday) the 9th inst. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot to meet ine 1:45 p. u. train from Sew-York via the Este Railroad. Trains to return will leave Rutherfurd Nation at 4:22 and 5:38 p. us.

OSTRANDER—On Tuesday, Sept. 7, Elizabeth Ostrander, widow of the late William Ostrander, seed 51 years.

The relatives and friends of the lamily are respectfully invited to strend her funeral from the residence of her sooi-n-law, T. J. Woolcocks, Na. 125 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn, on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. SHEFFIELD—On Wednesday, Sept. 3, at Saugerties, Ledie Hewith Infant son of J. B. and A. I. Sheffield, aged 6 mouths and 1 day.

WATLINGTON—On Tuesday, the Tth inst. Sadie Markle, infant daughter of Frank and Annie Watington, agod 6 mouths.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of her parents, at Rulgewood, N. J., at 11 o'clock this (Thursday) moraing.

Special Motices.

Ninth Assembly District Union Republican Associa-Night Assembly provided the Association will be held at the Repub-tion.—A special meeting of this Association will be held at the Repub-heau Headquarters, Lebanon Hall, Abingdon-equare, THIS (Thurslay) EVENING, at 8 of clock, to take mitistle action upon the death of Grea. John A. Rawlius and the Hou. Wm. P. Fessonden. By order at, GEO. E. KEYSER, President. ISAAC CORRLET, DANIEL ANDERSON, Sec

ISANC CORRLET, DANIEL ANDERSON, Paceretaries.

Ninth Assembly District Union Republican Association (under the supplies of the new Central Committee).—A meeting of the new Association will be held at Thompson's Academy, No. 77, the shore Association will be held at Thompson's Academy, No. 78, Blackerst. on THURSDAY at 8p. m. All Republicans are invited as stend and omnil themselves. By order of GEO. F. MERKAUE, Press. Assert A. on the SPAT at Sp. m. A attend and curvall themselves. By order of G SAM. R. LARE, { Secretaries.

F. SMITH.

Eleventh Assembly District Union Republican Association.—The regular monthly useting of this Association will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 9, 1889, at 7g o'clock, at the Everett Rooms. Broadway and Third-fourthed. All Republicans residing in the District are certifully invited and urged to take this opportunity of becoming members of the Association, to participate in the coming primary electrons.

WILLIAM R. STEWART, President, Down McAdan, Secretarios.

DATID MCADAN, SOURCEASTS

Efficienth Assembly District Union Stepublican Association.—The regular Monthly Meeting of this Association will be held HURISDAY EVENING, Sept. 2, at 14 o'clock, at Headquarters, limeoin Hall, nor, of Eighbhare, and Thirty-kind st. In accordance with the direction of the Union Republican General Committee, all Republicans of this (Fifteenth) District are again confusly invited and arged to join this Association, and participate in the coming primary election. The Rooms will be open from T₁ to 2 p. m.

Joint Goller, Secretary.

EIGH, Association District Caller, Emphylican Association.

FIRE JASSEMBLY DISTRICT Union Republican Association.—The regular meeting of this Association will be held at Head quarters. No. 242 Sorting at ., THIS (Thursday) EVENING, Sopt. 9, 1869, at 3 o'clock. All Republicans are invited to attend and caroli themselves as members of the Association. By other of CHARLES L. GOWDRY, ASSOCIATION OF THE CHARLES L. GOWDRY, ASSOCIATION O JOSEPH T. PORTER.

A. A. - U. S. File Extinguisher, same as supplied to the New York Fire Department. Always ready for instant use. No building and without it. Beways of worthless inventions. U. S. FIRE EXTISUUISHISR Co., No. S Deyes, N. Y.

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Post-Office Notice. - The Mails for Burene on THURSDAY, Sept.